

WHAT IS URODYNAMICS



Urodynamics refers to a series of diagnostic tests that evaluate the function of the bladder and urethra. These tests may be recommended if you have urinary incontinence (leakage of urine), recurrent bladder infections, slow or weak urinary stream, incomplete bladder emptying, or frequent urination.

HOW TO PREPARE FOR URODYNAMIC STUDIES

- Before your appointment, you may be asked to complete a questionnaire or voiding diary. Please bring this with you to the appointment.
- At the beginning of the test, you will be asked to provide a urine sample, so please arrive for the study with a relatively full bladder.
- You may eat or drink before the study without restriction.
- Take your medications as normally scheduled, unless otherwise directed by your doctor.

The tests typically take about 60 minutes and are generally painless, so no anesthesia is necessary. A catheter (soft, hollow tube) or special sensor will be carefully placed in your urethra and the rectum for males and either the vagina or rectum for females.

A friend and/or family member is welcome to accompany you to the test but will be asked to remain in the waiting area. You will be able to resume all previous activities, including driving, after the urodynamic studies.

Types of Urodynamic Studies

Your physician will decide which of the following tests needs to be performed to help diagnose and treat your condition.

UROFLOW

This test measures the speed and the amount of urine you void. You should come to the test feeling as though you need to urinate. Try not to empty your bladder one hour before your test. You will be asked to urinate into a commode with a funnel attached to a computer that measures urine flow.

CYSTOMETROGRAM

This study evaluates how your bladder holds urine, measures your bladder capacity, and determines how well you can empty your bladder. Your bladder will be filled with fluid through a catheter. To reproduce your bladder symptoms, you should report any sensations you feel during the study. In addition, you may be asked to cough, bear down, stand, or walk in place during the test. At the end of the study, you will be asked to urinate.

EMG

This test measures how well you can control your sphincter muscles (the muscles that keep urine in the bladder) and determines if they are working in coordination with your bladder. Electrodes may be placed near the rectum to record muscle activity.

PRESSURE FLOW STUDY

This test determines if there is an obstruction. After your bladder is filled through a catheter, you will be asked to urinate as you normally would by sitting on a commode or standing. The study simultaneously records bladder pressure and urine flow rate.

VIDEOURODYNAMICS

This study combines one or more urodynamic tests with the addition of video pictures. If this study is prescribed, the doctor will be present to explain each step of the process. Your bladder will be filled with contrast fluid, and X-ray video pictures will be taken to see your bladder in motion during filling and emptying. After the procedure, the doctor will discuss the study results with you. A detailed report will be sent to your physician including a summary of results, diagnosis, and suggestions for treatment. After reviewing the report, your physician will speak with you about the findings and your options for treatment.

What To Expect at Your Appointment

In preparation for your urodynamics study, here's what you can expect:

- **1.** Your urodynamics appointment will take approximately 60 minutes. Please arrive 15 minutes before your appointment time to complete any necessary forms.
- 2. Arrive with a comfortably full bladder.
- You will be asked to empty your bladder into a uroflow meter that will automatically measure the amount of urine and flow rate.
- **4.** The urodynamicist will then perform a post-void residual. This involves the placement of a thin tube in your bladder to measure the amount of urine remaining.
- 5. The recommended urodynamic study will then be performed. This study will evaluate: 1) how much your bladder can hold; 2) how much pressure builds up inside your bladder as it stores urine; and 3) how full it is when you feel the urge to urinate.
- **6.** Your physician will review the results with you at your next visit.

BLADDER HEALTH QUESTIONNAIRE (FOR MEN)

Nam	e:							Da	nte:		
Whic	ch sympto	om(s) best	describes yo	u?							
	☐ Freque	ent urination	– Circle one:	Day	Night	Both					
	Sudde	n or strong ι	urge to urinate	9							
	☐ Leakin	g with urge	or no warning	I							
	☐ Leakin	g with snee:	zing, coughin	g or exerc	cising						
	Difficu	Ity starting t	o urinate or s	training to	urinate						
	☐ Pain w	ith urination	ı								
	Unable	to empty th	ne bladder								
	□ None o	of these desc	cribe me. Plea	se descri	be your exp	perience or	what bring	gs you into th	ne office.		
How	long hav	e you had t	hese sympto	ms?							
How	frequent	ily do you u	rinate during	the day	time?		Times V	olume (check	k one): \square A	lot 🗆 Mii	nimal
How	many tin	nes do you	urinate at ni	ght (Noct	turia)?		Times V	olume (checl	k one): 🗌 A	lot 🗌 Mi	nimal
Do y	ou currer	ntly have an	ny problems	with bow	el function	1?					
	☐ Difficu	lty with bow	el movement	s 🗆 Lea	aking stool	☐ Other					
Whe	-	-	ifficulty begin		nt? Please	explain					
	Other (Please expla	ain)								
Whic	ch sympto	oms bother	you the mos	t?							
	t is your l tration:	level of frus	stration with	your blad	dder symp	toms? Ple	ase circle	the number	r that reflec	ts the deg	ree of
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
N	ot Frustrate	d								Ve	ery Frustrated

Arizona UROLOGY SPECIALISTS

BLADDER HEALTH QUESTIONNAIRE (FOR WOMEN)

PATIEN	T NAME											
PATIEN'	T ID#						ı	DATE				
			describes y									
	Freque	nt urination	– Circle one	: Day	Night	Both						
	Sudde	n or strong ι	urge to urina	te								
	Leakin	g with urge	or no warnir	ng								
	Leakin	g with snee:	zing, coughir	ng or exerc	ising							
	Difficu	Ity starting t	o urinate or	straining to	urinate							
	Pain w	ith urination										
	Unable	to empty th	e bladder									
	None o	of these desc	cribe me. Ple	ease descril	be your exp	perience or	what bring	gs you into th	e office.			
How m	nany tin I currer Difficul did you	nes do you Itly have an Ity with bow r urinary di	urinate at n ny problems el movemen	ight (Noctons with bowents Leadin? Did it s	uria)? el function king stool tart as a re	n? Other	Times \	olume (check Volume (chec such a surge	k one): 🗆	A lot □ M	inimal	tc.?
	s your l		you the mo		lder symp	toms? Ple	ase circle	the number	r that reflec	cts the deg	ree of	
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Not	t Frustrati	eq.	. '		•	•	•		•		/erv Frustrated	_

VOIDING DIARY - INSTRUCTIONS



What Is a Bladder Diary?

A bladder diary is a 3-day recording of your liquid intake and urine output. The recorded information can be helpful to your healthcare provider to understand your fluid balance, urinary frequency, functional bladder capacity (how much your bladder holds in your own environment), and many other aspects important to bladder function. We ask that you bring your completed 3-day diary to your initial appointment to help evaluate your bladder and establish your baseline.

When is a Bladder Diary Used?

Your healthcare provider may request that you complete a diary to evaluate urinary frequency, urgency, or incontinence. You may also choose to complete a diary before you see the healthcare provider about a bladder problem. A bladder diary can point to any dietary or behavioral factors that may be contributing to your bladder symptoms.

How to Complete the Diary:

- **1.** Please collect three (3) days of information; however, the days do not need to be consecutive. A one-day diary may not be representative of your bladder condition, which is why a 3-day diary is recommended.
- 2. Begin and end the diary at the same time each day. (Example: Begin when you wake up at 6:00 a.m. and end at 6:00 a.m. the following day.)
- **3.** Record the time of urination (Example: 6:00 a.m.) and record the volume of urine output whenever possible.
- **4.** Record the fluid intake to the nearest ounce. A very reasonable estimation (8 oz. cup of juice, 12 oz. coke, or 20 oz. water) is appropriate. You do not need to physically measure every fluid if you know the size of the bottle, can, or cup from which you are drinking.
- **5.** Estimate the urine output as small, medium, and large amounts.
- **6.** Be as accurate as possible! The diaries are most useful when every intake and output in 24 hours over three (3) days is recorded.

VOIDING DIARY - DAY 1

Patient Name:		
Date of Birth:	Date:	

Use diary below to record urinary output, fluids consumed, urinary urgency and urinary leakage (if applicable) for 3 complete 24-hour periods (they do not have to be consecutive days). If you used a catheter to empty or assist in emptying your bladder, record those volumes in the specified column.

Time of Day	Fluid Intake	Toilet Urinations	Urge to Urinate	Urine Leaks	Bowel Leaks	Pad Changes	Amount of urine drained via catheter		
Circle Wake-up & Bedtime	Ounces (oz) of liquid drank	A: Place a ✓ each time you void B: Record urine output as small, medium or large	1 - mild 2 - moderate 3 - severe 4 - very severe	Place a ✓ if you leaked urine before making it to the toilet	Place a ✓ if you leaked stool before making it to the toilet	Note each pad change with a "D" if dry or, if wet, "small," "mod." or "large"	Voided volume (oz or ml)	Catheter volume (oz or ml)	
7 am									
8 am									
9 am									
10 am									
11 am									
noon									
1 pm									
2 pm									
3 pm									
4 pm									
5 pm									
6 pm									
7 pm									
8 pm									
9 pm									
10 pm									
11 pm									
midnight									
1 am									
2 am									
3 am									
4 am									
5 am									
6 am									

VOIDING DIARY - DAY 2

Patient Name:		
Date of Birth: _	D	ate:

Use diary below to record urinary output, fluids consumed, urinary urgency and urinary leakage (if applicable) for 3 complete 24-hour periods (they do not have to be consecutive days). If you used a catheter to empty or assist in emptying your bladder, record those volumes in the specified column.

Time of Day	Fluid Intake	Toilet Urinations	Urge to Urinate	Urine Leaks	Bowel Leaks	Pad Changes	Amount of urine drained via catheter		
Circle Wake-up & Bedtime	Ounces (oz) of liquid drank	A: Place a ✓ each time you void B: Record urine output as small, medium or large	1 - mild 2 - moderate 3 - severe 4 - very severe	Place a ✓ if you leaked urine before making it to the toilet	Place a ✓ if you leaked stool before making it to the toilet	Note each pad change with a "D" if dry or, if wet, "small," "mod." or "large"	Voided volume (oz or ml)	Catheter volume (oz or ml)	
7 am									
8 am									
9 am									
10 am									
11 am									
noon									
1 pm									
2 pm									
3 pm									
4 pm									
5 pm									
6 pm									
7 pm									
8 pm									
9 pm									
10 pm									
11 pm									
midnight									
1 am									
2 am									
3 am									
4 am									
5 am									
6 am									

VOIDING DIARY - DAY 3

Patient Name:	
Date of Birth:	Date:

Use diary below to record urinary output, fluids consumed, urinary urgency and urinary leakage (if applicable) for 3 complete 24-hour periods (they do not have to be consecutive days). If you used a catheter to empty or assist in emptying your bladder, record those volumes in the specified column.

Time of Day	Fluid Intake	Toilet Urinations	Urge to Urinate	Urine Leaks	Bowel Leaks	Pad Changes	Amount of urine drained via catheter		
Circle Wake-up & Bedtime	Ounces (oz) of liquid drank	A: Place a ✓ each time you void B: Record urine output as small, medium or large	1 - mild 2 - moderate 3 - severe 4 - very severe	Place a ✓ if you leaked urine before making it to the toilet	Place a ✓ if you leaked stool before making it to the toilet	Note each pad change with a "D" if dry or, if wet, "small," "mod." or "large"	Voided volume (oz or ml)	Catheter volume (oz or ml)	
7 am									
8 am									
9 am									
10 am									
11 am									
noon									
1 pm									
2 pm									
3 pm									
4 pm									
5 pm									
6 pm									
7 pm									
8 pm									
9 pm									
10 pm									
11 pm									
midnight									
1 am									
2 am									
3 am									
4 am									
5 am									
6 am									

Does your bi		•	-	•	Circle one:	Yes	NO			
Have you ha	d any prior p	orocedures	for your sy	mptoms?	Circle on	e: Yes	No			
If Yes, what	procedure(s)) was done	?							
Do you curre	ntly cathete	erize? Cir	cle one:	Yes No						
Have you ha	d a catheter	in the past	? Circle	one: Yes	No					
Do you wear	pads for lea	akage of ur	ine or stoo	? Circle	one: Yes	s No				
Please description training, pelvi			fications yo	ou have tri	ed (i.e., caf	feine intake	, lifestyle cl	nanges, phy	sical therap	y, bladder
Have you tric	ed medicatio	ns to help	vour symn	toms?	Circle one:	Yes I	No			
_						100	10			
If yes, please			s tnat you	nave tried:	:	Mirabog	ron/Murhot	ria@		
	Oxybutynin/[Oxybutynin/(•				_	ron/Myrbet ı/Gemtesa@	•		
	Tolterodine/[•				•	ine/Trofanil			
	Solifenacin/\					•	mine/Levsi			
	Trospium/Sa				Г		ne/Zanafle			
	Darifenacin/l				Г					
	Fesoterodine				_					
Did these me			mntome?	Circle one	e: Yes	No				
			-				ı.			
If yes, please	e circle the r	iuiiiber uia	t renects u	ie degree	to willen u	ley worked	i .		1	
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
No Relief									Com	pletely Cured
If you stoppe	ad taking yo	ur medicat	ion(e) nlea	co ovnlain	why					
ii you stoppe	a taking yo	ui iliculcat	ivii(s), piea	oc expiaili	wily.					
☐ Did n	ot help $\ \square$	Side effec	ts 🗌 Too	o expensive	e 🗌 Oth	er				
Please desci	ibe any side	effects ca	used by th	e medicati	on(s):					

Does your bladder/bowel problem limit your activity	? Circle one:	Yes No)			
Have you had any prior procedures for your sympton	ns? Circle one	: Yes	No			
If Yes, what procedure(s) was done?						
Do you currently catheterize? (place a tube in your b	ladder to empt	ı)? Circle	one: Ye	s No		
	Yes No	77. 011010	0110. 10	0 110		
Have you had a catheter in the past? Circle one:	162 NO					
Do you wear pads for leakage of urine or stool? Ci	rcle one: Yes	No				
Please describe any behavior modifications you have training, pelvic floor muscle training):	e tried (i.e., caffe	eine intake, l	ifestyle cha	inges, phys	ical therapy	, bladder
Have you tried medications to help your symptoms?	Circle one:	Yes No	1			
If yes, please check the medications that you have to	ried:					
☐ Oxybutynin/Ditropan®		Mirabegro	n/Myrbetri	@		
☐ Oxybutynin/Gelnique®		Vibegron/0	Gemtesa®			
☐ Tolterodine/Detrol®		Imipramin	e/Trofanil®			
☐ Solifenacin/Vesicare®		Hyoscyam				
☐ Trospium/Sanctura®		Tinazadine	/Zanaflex@	₿		
☐ Darifenacin/Enablex®		Medication	n for prosta	ate conditio	n	
☐ Fesoterodine/Toviaz®						
	v					
	e one: Yes	No				
If yes, please circle the number that reflects the deg	ree to which the	ey worked:				
0 1 2 3	4 5	6	7	8	9	10
No Relief					Com	pletely Cured
If you stopped taking your medication(s), please exp	lain why:					
☐ Did not help ☐ Side effects ☐ Too expens	sive \square Other					
Please describe any side effects caused by the medi	cation(s):					